

STATE OF ALASKA  
**SAMPLE BALLOT**  
 PRIMARY ELECTION - AUGUST 27, 2002

**INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTER:** To vote for the candidate of your choice. **fill in the oval to the right of the name of the candidate for whom you want to vote.** Place your ballot inside the secrecy sleeve, take your ballot to the ballot box.

If you make a mistake while voting, return the ballot to the election official for a new one. **A vote which has been erased or changed will not be counted.**



**STATE OF ALASKA  
 PRIMARY ELECTION  
 AUGUST 27, 2002  
 OFFICIAL BALLOT  
 REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALASKA**

Completely fill in the oval opposite the name of each candidate for whom you wish to vote. ●

<b>UNITED STATES SENATOR</b> (vote for one)	
STEVENS, TED	Republican <input type="radio"/>
AUBREY, MIKE	Republican <input type="radio"/>

<b>UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE</b> (vote for one)	
YOUNG, DON E.	Republican <input type="radio"/>

<b>GOVERNOR</b> (vote for one)	
MURKOWSKI, FRANK H.	Republican <input type="radio"/>
ROSS, WAYNE A.	Republican <input type="radio"/>
WIELER, ERIC E.	Republican <input type="radio"/>
SNOWDEN, BRAD	Republican <input type="radio"/>

<b>LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR</b> (vote for one)	
PALIN, SARAH	Republican <input type="radio"/>
PHILLIPS, GAIL	Republican <input type="radio"/>
LEMAN, LOREN D.	Republican <input type="radio"/>
WIELER, PAUL R.	Republican <input type="radio"/>
TAYLOR, ROBIN L.	Republican <input type="radio"/>

<b>STATE SENATOR DISTRICT R</b> (vote for one)	
AUSTERMAN, ALAN	Republican <input type="radio"/>

<b>STATE REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT 35</b> (vote for one)	
ROBERTS, PETE	Republican <input type="radio"/>
SCALZI, DREW	Republican <input type="radio"/>
SEATON, PAUL K.	Republican <input type="radio"/>

<b>BALLOT MEASURE</b>	
<b>BALLOT MEASURE NO. 1</b> 99PRVT	
<b>Initiative Implementing Alternative Voting Electoral System</b>	
<p>This bill enacts preferential voting for state and federal elections, except governor. Voters would rank one to five candidate choices per office. A candidate who receives a majority of first choice votes would be elected. If no candidate gets a majority vote, the candidate with fewest first choice votes is defeated. Then, remaining candidates receive the next choice votes of voters whose first choice candidate was defeated. This process continues until one candidate gets a majority of the combined votes. In a primary election, a voter may only rank candidates within one party.</p>	
Shall this initiative become law?	
YES <input type="radio"/> NO <input type="radio"/>	